

**RMM LAW COLLEGE SAHARSA**

**CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE**

**IIIrd Part**

**Paper -3**

**TOPIC- PROVISIONS AS TO  
ACCUSED PERSONS OF**

**Topic- PROVISIONS AS TO BAILS AND BONDS**

**Lecture Notes by- BINOD KUMAR JHA**

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**Amount of bond and reduction thereof**

**440. Amount of bond and reduction thereof.**

- (1) The amount of every bond executed under this chapter shall be fixed with due regard to the circumstances of the case and shall not be excessive.
- (2) The High Court or Court of Session may direct that the bail required by a police officer or Magistrate be reduced.

**441. Bond of accused and sureties.**

- (1) Before any person is released on bail or released on his own bond, a bond for such sum of money as the police officer or Court, as the case may be, thinks sufficient shall be executed by such person, and, when he is released on bail, by one or more sufficient sureties conditioned that such person shall attend at the time and place mentioned in the bond, and shall continue so to attend until otherwise directed by the police officer or Court, as the case may be
- (2) Where any condition is imposed for the release of any person on bail, the bond shall also contain that condition.

(3) If the case so requires, the bond shall also bind the person released on bail to appear when called upon at the High Court, Court of Session or other Court to answer the charge.

(4) For the purpose of determining whether the sureties are fit or sufficient, the Court may accept affidavits in proof of the facts contained therein relating to the sufficiency or fitness of the sureties, or, if it considers necessary, may either hold an inquiry itself or cause an inquiry to be made by a Magistrate subordinate to the Court, as to such sufficiency or fitness.

#### **442. Discharge from custody.**

(1) As soon as the bond has been executed, the person for whose appearance it has been executed shall be released; and when he is in jail the Court admitting him to bail shall issue an order of release to the officer in charge of the jail, and such officer on receipt of the orders shall release him.

(2) Nothing in this section, section 436 or section 437 shall be deemed to require the release of any person liable to be detained for some matter other than that in respect of which the bond was executed.

#### **443. Power to order sufficient bail when that first taken is insufficient.**

If, through mistake, fraud, or otherwise, insufficient sureties have been accepted, or if they afterwards become insufficient, the Court may issue a warrant of arrest directing that the person released on bail be brought before it and may order him to find sufficient sureties, and on his failing so to do, may commit him to jail

#### **444. Discharge of sureties.**

(1) All or any sureties for the attendance and appearance of a person released on bail may at any time apply to a Magistrate to discharge the bond, either wholly or so far as relates to the applicants.

(2) On such application being made, the Magistrate shall issue his warrant of arrest directing that the person so released be brought before him.

(3) On the appearance of such person pursuant to the warrant, or on his voluntary surrender, the Magistrate shall direct the bond to be discharged either wholly or so far as relates to the applicants, and shall call upon such person to find other sufficient sureties, and, if he fails to do so, may commit him to jail.